### CONFIDENTIAL

## Department of State

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CONFIDENTIAL NOME 29188

FOR E - UNDER SECRETARY WALLIS FROM HOLMES

E.O. 17356: DECL: DADR TAGS: EFIN, 17 SUBJECT: DEFICIAL-INFORMAL

- 1. CONFIDENTIAL ENTIRE TEXT.
- 2. RUGGIERO MAS ASKED THAT THE FOLLOWING PAPER BE PASSED TO YOU FOR YOUR COMMENTS. IT IS THE FIRST DRAFT OF A PAPER WHICH IS TO BE PRESENTED AT THE MEXT, JANUARY, SHERPA MEETING. RUGGIERO WOULD APPRECIATE YOUR REACTIONS. COPIES ARE ALSO GOING TO THE OTHER SHERPAS FOR THE SAME PURPOSE.
- 3. BEGIN TEXT.

INTRODUCTION

- THE WORLD ECONOMY APPEARS TO BE MOVING TOWARDS GREATER COMPLEXITY AND CLOSER INTERACTIONS BETWEEN ITS MANY REGIONS ON GROUPS OF COUNTRIES AND BETWEEN DIFFERENT BUT CONNECTED PROBLEMS: IN PARTICULAR, THE INTERDEPENDENCIES WHICH EXIST BETWEEN GROWN, TRADE AND INDEBTEDNESS MAVE GROWN IN IMPORTANCE AND NAVE NAMIFESTED THEMSELVES WITH STARKER CLARITY IN RECENT TIMES. IT HAS BEEN INCREASINGLY RECOGNIZED BY THE SUMMIT MATIONS AND IN OTHER WORLD FORA THAT THE EXISTENCE AND EXTENT OF SUCH IMPERACTIONS CALL FOR MORE EFFECTIVE PROCEDURES OF INTERMATIONAL COORDINATION WITH A VIEW TO EMSURING POLICY CONSISTENCY ACFOSS COUNTRIES AND ULTIMATELY ACHIEVING GREATER CONVERGENCE OF ECCNOMIC PERFORMANCE.
- THAS ALSO BEEN UNDERSTOOD BY ACTORS ON THE WORLD SCENE THAT NO DUICK, READY-MADE SOLUTIONS ARE AVAILABLE; ON THE CONTRARY, IN A MORE INTERDEPENDENT WORLD, IT IS PROVING MORE COMPLEX THAN PREVIOUSLY TO DESIGN A COMPIGURATION OF POLICIES TO ENSURE MONETARY STABILITY AND COFFECT FISCAL IMPALANCES AND EXCHANGE RATE MISALIGNMENTS, WHILE AT THE SAME TIME PROMOTING MON-INFLATIONARY GROWTH, EMPLOYMENT AND TRADE.
- AFTER A PERIOD OF INTELLECTUAL SKEPTICISM ABOUT THE VERY POSSIBILITIES AND WAYS OF INTERNATIONAL MACRO-ECONOMIC MANAGEMENT, WHICH DOMINATED ECONOMIC THINKING, THEORIZING AND POLICY-MAKING OVER THE LATE SEVENTIES AND EARLY EIGHTIES, THERE IS NOW A CHANGED CLIMATE SUGGESTING A RINEVED APPRECIATION OF THE MEEDS FOR A GLOBAL COOPERATIVE EFFORT. WITHOUT IT THE SYSTEM WOULD BE LEFT UNBOUNDED, ITS SELF-CORRECTING FORCES LARGELY UNABLE TO OVERCOME RECURRENT SHOCKS.
- DEVELOPMENTS IN EXCHANGE MARKETS HAVE LATELY REFLECTED THIS NEW APPRECIATION. SIGNIFICANT ADJUSTMENTS IN CUPRENCY RATES HAVE OCCUPRED SINCE THE PLAZA AGPREMENT AND A RENEWED MOMENTUM TOWARDS A MORE STABLE EXCHANGE

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GIENEAGIES AND THE RECENT US-JAPAN BILATERAL AGREEMENT.
IT IS NOW BETTER UNDERSTOOD THAT EXCHANGE RATE INSTABILITY IS INDEED DETRIMENTAL TO SUSTAINED AND STABLE
ECONOMIC GEOVIN VOFLOVIDE AND THAT CLOSE AND CONTINUED
FOLICY COORDINATION IS REQUIRED TO PREVENT THAT IN-

- 1. THE WORLD ECONOMIC OUTLOOK: THE INDUSTRIAL COUNTRIES.
- SINCE THE TOKTO SUMMIT MEETING, MOST INDICATORS MAVE SIGNALED AN IMPROVED PERFORMANCE IN THE INDUSTRIAL ECONOMIES, AS COMPARED WITH THE DISAPPOINTING DEVELOPMENTS IN EARLY 1986, WHEN THE NEGATIVE INITIAL EFFECTS FROM THE SMARF FALL IN OIL PRICES AND THE RESULTING DECLINE IN THE OIL EXPORTING COUNTRIES' FURCHASING POVER AND IMPORTS DOMINATED THEIR BENEFICIAL REPERCUSSIONS ON PEAL INCOMES AND DOMESTIC DEMAND.
- THE VORID ECONOMY IS STILL IN A PROCESS OF TRANSITION ADJUSTING TO UNUSUALLY PRONDUNCED CHANGES IN RELATIVE FRICES AND INCOMES WHICH HAVE OCCURRED SINCE THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR: DIL AND OTHER COMMODITY PRICES HAVE DROPFED SIGNIFICANTLY, AVERAGE INFLATION RATES AND INFLATION DIFFERENTIALS AMONG COUNTRIES MAVE COME DOWN, INTEREST RATES HAVE DECLINED, THE EXCHANGE RATE OF THE DOLLAR HAS DEFRECIATED IN RELATION TO THE OTHER LEADING CURRENCIES, REVERSING NEARLY ALL OF ITS RISE FROM 1989 TO EARLY 1985. MOST RECENTLY THERE WERE, ESPECIALLY IN EUROFF, MORE COMFORTING SIGNS OF A PICKUP IN DOMESTIC DEMAND AND OUTPUT HELPED BY POSITIVE PRICE AND WAGE

DEVELOPMENTS, FALLING INTEREST RATES AND A MORE FAVORABLE CONFIGURATION OF EXCHANGE RATES. PRIVATE DOMESTIC DEMAND, PARTICULARLY CONSUMPTION, IS STRENGTHENING 1D TAPE UP THE SLACK LEFT BY THE DECELERATION OF FUELIC SPENDING (IN THE US AND CANADA) AND THE CONTRACTION OF NET EXPORTS (IN JAPAN AND MOST EUROFEAN COUNTRIES).

- ACCORDING TO THE FORECASTS RECENTLY RELEASED BY INTERNATIONAL DEGANIZATIONS, DOMESTIC DEMAND IN THE SUMMIT COUNTRIES SHOULD INCREASE BY THREE AND A MALF FER CENT IN 1986 AND PERHAPS AT A SOMEWHAT LOVER RATE IN 1987, WHILE OUTPUT SHOULD GROW AT RATES OF TWO AND P HALF TO THREE PER CENT THROUGHOUT THE PERIOD. IN THE SURFLUS COUNTRIES, JAPAN AND TO A LESSER DEGREE THE EEC STATES, DOMESTIC DIMAND IS EXPANDING AT A FASTER PACE THAN GOT AND THE FAVORABLE TREND IS EXIFCTED TO CONTINUE INTO 1987. IN THE U.S. THE RISE IN DOMESTIC DEMAND IS STILL DUTFACING THAT OF OUTPUT BUT SUCH DEVELOPMENTS SHOULD BE REVERSED IN 1987, ACCORDING TO PRESENT PROJECTIONS. IN SUM, THE PROSPECTS ARE FOR CONTINUED PECOVERY INTO A FIFTH YEAR WITHOUT A PESUPERACE OF INFLATION. SOME MODEPATE ACCELERATION IN PRICES IS FREDICTED, HOVEVER, FOR 1987, AS THE DICE-OVER EXTERNAL PEREFITS FROM FALLING COMMODITY PRICES VEAR OFF AND DOMES-TIC COSTS HAT PICK UP SOMEWHAT. GREAT UNCERTAINTY SURROUNDS THE BEHAVIOR OF DIL MARKETS; A FIRMING UP OF FRICES HIGHT RESULT IN A LESS FAVORABLE DUTCOME FOR
- STILL, IT IS CLEAR THAT PROBLEMS OF A SYSTEMIC MATURE REMAIN, ENTAILING SERIOUS RISKS TO OVERALL GROWTH AND STAFFLITY: THE MARKESS OF WORLD TRADE AND THE DISSEMINATION OF RESTRICTIONS TO FRIE EXCHANGES; THE SUSTAINABILITY OF EURPEINT ACCOUNT IMPAIANCES BETWEEN MAJOR COUNTRIES; THE VOLATILITY OF EXCHANGE BATES; THE MAGNITUDE OF PUBLIC SERIOUS DESCRIPTION.

A MORE STABLE EXCHANGE

A MORE STABLE EXCHANGE

MAGNITUDE OF PUBLIC SEPTIM PROPERTY OF EXCHANGE BATES; THE

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RATES WOULD ALLOW DEST-CONSTRAINED LDGS TO SHIFT THEIR
REVENUES FROM DEST-SERVICE PAYMENTS TO IMPORTS. FOR
PRIMARY PRODUCING COUNTRIES, IN PAPTICULAR, STARLE OR
RISING AND ADJOUATELY REMUNERATIVE COMMODITY PRICES
WOULD HELP REDRESS THEIR PRECARIOUS EXTERNAL POSITION,
THE MORE SO IF THEY WERE COUPLED WITH THE REMOVAL OF
TRADE RESTRICTIONS EXISTING IN THOSE MAPRETS.

- CORRECTIVE MACROECONOMIC POLICIES AND STRUCTURAL REFORMS IN DEBTOR COUNTRIES WOULD BE SUFFORTED BY ADEQUATE FLOWS OF EXTERNAL FINANCE FROM ALL CREDITORS—MULTILATERAL DEVELOPMENT INSTITUTIONS, GOVERNMENTS AND PRIVATE LENDERS—IN LINE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE DEBT—RELIEF STRATEGY LAUNCHED BY THE U.S. IN DCTOBER 1985 AND ENDORSED BY THE TOKYO SUMMIT. IN PARTICULAR, COMMERCIAL BANKS WOULD WEED TO PESUME NORMAL LENDING IN SUFFICIENT AMOUNTS AND DN APPROFRIATE TERMS
- A FURTHER IMPETUS TO WORLDVIDE GROVIN WOULD ARISE FROM TRADE LIBERALIZATION; AS IT WAS INDEED REAFFIRMED BY THE SUMMIT COUNTRIES IN THE JONYO MEETING, MAINTAINING AND DEEN MULTILATERAL TRADING SYSTEM IS A CONDITION AND MEY-STONE OF AN EFFICIENT AND EXPANDING WORLD ECONOMY.

  SINCE THEN AND CULMINATING IN THE DECISIONS ADOPTED AT THE GATT MINISTERIAL MEETING IN UNUGUAY LAST SEPTEMBER, PROGRESS HAS BEEN MADE IN DUILIWING A GENERAL FRAMEWORK FOR ACTION TO PROHOTE A NEW MOUND OF TRADE INCOTIATIONS. THERE IS MUCH INNERTIA AND RESISTANCE TO CHANGE ON THIS FROMT; BUT CONCLIANCE WITH THE PRINCIPLE OF "STANDSTILL" IN TRADE RESTRICTIONS WOULD HAVE A BENEFICIAL IMPACT PER SE. GOODVILL, AS IT WAS SIGNALLED BY ALL CONCERNED PARTIES, AND A RESUMPTION OF STRONGEP GROWTH IN THE WORLD ECONOMY WOULD HELP SPEED UP THE PROCESS.
- EXTERNAL IMBALANCES AMONG THE INDUSTRIAL COUNTRIES
   WOULD BE COPRECTED ONLY AS LARGE SHIFTS OCCURRED IN THE
  PATTERN OF DEHAND AMONG THE LEADING PARINERS: INDEED,
  AS DOMESTIC DEHAND GREV FASTER THAN GDP IN JAPAN AND
  GEPHANY, AND THE PEVERSE HAFFENED IN THE US. RECENT
  EXCHANGE-RATE ADJUSTMENTS WILL SUFFORT DIFFERENTIAL
  GROWTH IN DEMAND, HELPING APPRECIATING-CURRENCY COUNTRIES
  TO REORIENT ACTIVITY TOWARDS DOMESTIC DEHAND AND
  DEPRECIATING-CURRENCY COUNTRIES AWAY FROM IT. BUT IT
  MAY TAKE A LONG TIME FOR SUCH DIFFERENTIALS TO EMERGE
  WITHOUT CAUSING A SLOWDOWN IN GROWTH FOR THE WORLD
  ECONOMY AS A WHOLE GIVEN THE FRICTIONS AND REGIDITIES
  INHERENT IN SUCH DEMAND SHIFTS.
- FURTHER AND SPEEDIER CHANGES IN CUPRENCY RATES COULD BE RELIED ON TO FRODUCE A QUICKER ADJUSTMENT IN THE PRESENT IMBALANCES BUT SUCH CHANGES, E.G. A LARGER DEPRECIATION OF THE DOLLAP, COULD RAVE UNDESTRABLE DOMESTIC EFFECTS FOR BOTH THE U.S. CHIGRER INFLATION) AND THE AFFRECIATING-CURRENCY COUNTRIES SLOUDOWN IN EXPORTS AND ACTIVITY). ON THE CONTRAPY, A PAUSE IN EXCHANGE RATE MOVEMENTS MIGHT BE VAREANTED IN VIEW OF THE PRESENT STATE OF TRANSITION OF THE WORLD ECONOMY AND THE MEED TO ADJUST TO THE SHARP SHIFTS WHICH MAYE OCCURRED IN EXCHANGE RATES AND RELATIVE PRICES.
- AS FAR AS THE U.S. TRRDE PERFORMANCE, IN PARTICULAR, IS CONCERNED, IT APPEARS THAT THE APPRECIATION OF THE DOLLAR IN RECENT YEARS AND THE RESULTANT LOSS IN COMPETITIVENESS NAVE SERIOUSLY AFFECTED THE REAL STRUCTURE OF THE ECONOMY: THE DICHOTOMY BETVEEN THE SERVICES SECTOR--WHICH IS EXPANDING RAPIDLY--AND AGRICULTUPE AND IMPORTANT MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES WHICH ARE EXFOSED TO INTERNATIONAL TRADE HAS BEEK MORSENING AND REVERSING BY MILL PROVE A SLOV AND DIFFICULT ENDEAVOR.

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- UNDER THIS POSITIVE SCENARIO, POLICY-MARING COULD
GIVE GREATER EMPHASIS TO MEDIUM-TERM, STRUCTURAL PROBLEMS
SUCH AS INCREASING THE ROLE OF MARRET FORCES IN THE ECONDMY, PEFORMING TAY SYSTEMS AND BUILDING A MORE STARLE
INTERNATIONAL MOMETARY ORDER.

- A MORE MIGRILYE SCENARIO CAN RE OTHERVISE ENVISIONED WHICH IF IT MATERIALIZED WOULD REQUIRE CORRECTIVE ACTION

AT AN EARLY STAGE. ONE CAN CONCEIVE OF TWO VARIANTS OF SUCH A SCENARIO, THEIR COMMON DENOMINATOR BEING A WORLD RECESSION AND CONTINUED EXTERNAL IMPALÂNCES.

- UNDER THE FIRST ALTERNATIVE, WHILE THE U.S. BUDGET · DEFICIT IS REDUCED, PRIVATE DOMESTIC DEMAND IN THE OTHER COUNTRIES TURNS OUT WEAKER THAN ANTICIPATED UNDER THE POSITIVE SCENARIO, AND THERE IS CONTINUED EMPHASIS IN POLICY SETTINGS ON FISCAL RESTRAINT. A MAJOR SOURCE OF UNCERTAINTY IN PRESENT CIRCUMSTANCES IS INDEED THE PRECISE MAGNITUDE AND TIMING OF THE EVENTUAL INCREASE OF DEMAND AND ACTIVITY IN INDUSTRIAL COUNTRIES IN RESPONSE TO THE REAL INCOME GAINS AND THE FALL IN INTEREST RATES. THE DOWNSIDE RISKS WOULD BE DRVIOUSLY GREATER SHOULD FISCAL POLICIES TURN GLOBALLY CONTRACTIONARY. SUCH AN DUICOME COULD BE TRIGGERED, FOR INSTANCE, BY A STRONGER-THAN-PREDICTED REPOUND IN INFLATION WHICH WOULD UNDERHINE CONSUMER CONFIDENCE AND WOPSEN BUSINESS INVESTMENT PROSPECTS. FALTERING GROWTH WOULD BE REFLECTED IN LARGER BUDGET DEFICITS IN A NUMBER OF COUNTRIES, WHICH COULD SET IN MOTION A SERIES OF UNCOOPDINATED MEASURES OF FISCAL RESTRICTION, INCLUDING POSSIBLY TAX RISES. THE COMBINED EFFECTS ON GROWTH OF FISCAL CONSOLIDATION IN INDUSTRIAL COUNTRIES AND OF THE REDUCTION IN NET EXPORTS TO THE DEVELOPING WORLD WOULD BE 100 LARGE TO BE OFFSET BY DOMESTIC SPENDING. STAGNATION IN THE INDUSTRIAL COUNTRIES AND IN WORLD TRADE VOULD THEN BE A LIKELY DUTCOME. THE DEVELOPING NATIONS WOULD BE FORCED TO CURTAIL IMPORTS AND PUSH DOMESTIC GROWTH DOWN TO A BREAKING POINT; COMMODITY PRICES WOULD BE FURTHER VEAKENED FEEDING BACK INTO STILL LOVER IMPORTS BY THE LDCS AND AMPLIFYING THE SLOVDOVN IN WORLD TRADE. IN SUCH A CONTEXT, THE RISKS TO THE INTERNATIONAL TRADING SYSTEM WOULD BECOME GREATER AS IT WOULD BE INCREASINGLY DIFFICULT FOR THE LEADING ECONOMIES TO RESIST PROTECTIONIST PRESSURES IN THE PRESENCE OF SHRINKING EXPORT MARKETS.
- THE SITUATION COULD BE AGGRAVATED BY DEBT-SERVICING DIFFICULTIES OR EVEN INSOLVENCY IN SOME NARD-PRESSED DEBTOR NATION: UNCERTAINTY ABOUT SUCH AN DUTCOME COULD REVERBERATE INTO FINANCIAL MARKETS IN THE INDUSTRIAL COUNTRIES RESULTING IN HIGHER INTEREST RATES.
- UNDER THE SECOND ALTERNATIVE, & RECESSION WOULD COME AROUT AS THE LIRELY DUTCOME OF A DIFFERENT CAUSAL CHAIN AND IT YOULD BE ACCOMPANIED BY HIGHER INFLATION. THE PROCESS VOULD BE TRIGGERED BY THE FAILURE OF U.S. AUTHORITIES TO IMPLEMENT THE AKNOUNCED POLICY OF BUDGETAR RESTRAINT. IN SUCH A SCENARIO, FINANCIAL MARKETS WOULD OUTCRLY REACT TO THE UNCERTAIN PROSPECTS AS MARKET PARTICIPANTS CAME TO BELIEVE THAT FISCAL IMPALANCES WOULD FOT BE BROUGHT UNDER CONTROL AND EXTERNAL DIS-EQUILIBRIA WOULD PERSIST, POSSIBLY WIDENING TO UN-SUSTAINABLE LEVELS. THE MOST LIKELY CONSCOUENCE OF SUCH STRAIN WOULD BE UPWARD PRESSURE ON U.S. INTEREST RATES; DOMESTIC SPENDING AND ACTIVITY VOULD BE NURT FIRST, THEN THE CONTRACTION WOULD BE PROPAGATED TO THE PARTHER COUNTRIES. THE RISE IN INTEREST PATES HIGHT NOT BE SUFFICIENT TO PREVENT A RAFID FALL IN THE DOLLAR EXCHANGE BATE WHICH WHICH MANS HUNCEIDAN

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# CONFIDENTIAL Department of State

S/S-0 Incomini

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REPERCUSSIONS. INFLATIONARY EXPECTATIONS WOULD INDEED
BE REKINDLED AND ACTUAL INFLATION WOULD LIKELY ACCELERATE
IN THE U.S. THIS SEQUENCE OF EVENTS WOULD PLACE FURTHER
STRAIN ON INDERIED LDCS; THEIP DEBT-SERVICING DIFFICULTIES WOULD BE GREATLY AGGRAVATED AS BOTH THE RURDEN OF
INTEREST PAYMENTS INCREASED AND EXPORTS SLOVED DOWN
REFLECTING WIAKER WORLD TRADE. END TEXT

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### Department of State

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EXDIS/SHERPA - FOR DCH HOLMES

E.O. 12356: DECL: DADR TAGS: RSUM, 1T

SUBJECT: JANUARY SHERPA MEETING

- 1. CONFIDENTIAL ENTIRE TEXT.
- 2. PLEASE PASS FOLLOWING COMMENTS FROM ALLEN WALLIS TO REMATO BUGGIERO ON MIS DRAFT SHERFA PAPER.
- 3. THANK YOU FOR THE INTERESTING DRAFT PAPER ON THE WORLD ECONOMY DESIGNED FOR PRESENTATION TO THE JANUARY SHERPA MEETING. IT SHOULD USEFULLY STIMULATE DISCUSSION, BUT I BELIEVE IT COULD BE IMPROVED AND SHORTENED. THE FOLLOWING COMMENTS APE INTENDED TO BE HELPFUL IN THAT COMMECTION. THE PAPER INCLUDES A WUMBER OF ADDITIONAL JUDGMENTS THAT ARE DEBATABLE, BUT I ASSUME YOU DO NOT INTEND THE PAPER TO REPRESENT A FULL CONGENSUS, AT LEAST AT THIS STAGE.

INTRODUCTION: I SUGGEST THAT YOU GREATLY SIMPLIFY THE INTRODUCTORY SECTION, STICKING TO A BROAD CHARACTER-IZATION OF THE PRESENT SITUATION. IT WOULD BE BEST TO ELIMINATE DUBIOUS INTERPRETATIONS OF INTELLECTUAL TRENDS AND AVOID SUCH UNFOUNDED OBITER DICTA AS "WITHOUT IT (A

GLOBAL COOPERATIVE EFFORT), THE SYSTEM WOULD BE BE LEFT UNBOUNDED, ITS SELF-CORRECTING FORCES LARGELY UNABLE TO OVERCOME RECURRENT SHOCKS." THERE IS LITTLE SIMILARITY BETWEEN GLENEAGIES, BASICALLY JUST A FIXED RATE IDEA, AND THE U.S.-JAPAN CILATEPAL AGREEMENT, WHICH EMPHASIZED FUNDAMENTAL POLICIES TO PROMOTE GROWTH AND ADJUSTMENT WHIRE EXPRESSING THE VIEW THAT EXCHANGE MARKETS HAVE NOW GOT THE TEN-DOLLAR RATE ABOUT BIGHT.

PUTIONS FOR INDUSTRIAL COUNTRIES: ASSESSMENT IN THIS SECTION SEEMS AROUT RIGHT. MOVEVER, SOME OF THE PROBLEMS CITED IN THE FOURTH PARAGRAPH OF THIS SECTION ARE NOT BEALLY "SYSTEMIC", BUT RATHER COUNTRY-SPECIFIC CONTRIBUTING FACTORS BUS. BUDGET DEFICITION SYMPTOMS DISCH EUROPEAN UNEMPLOYMENT). IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT THE U.S. DEFICIT IS TRENDING DOWNVARD AND THAT INTEREST RATES OVERALL ARE DOWN SUBSTANTIALLY, EVEN THOUGH THEY MAY STILL BE HIGH IN SOME COUNTRIES.

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DEVELOPING COUNTRIES AND DEBT: COMBINING DATA ON
DIL-EXPORTING AND WOM-DIL DEVELOPING COUNTRIES IS
MISLEADING, GIVING AN UNDULY GLOOMY PICTUPE. IN FACT,
NON-DIL DEVELOPING COUNTRIES ARE NOT DOING BADLY. FOR
EXAMPLE:

- -- NON-DIL DEVELOPING COUNTRIES ARE ACHEIVING PROGRESS ON REDUCING EXTERNAL IMBALANCES IN A CONTEXT OF GROWING, NOT DECLINING, IMPORTS. STRUCTURAL REFORMS ARE BEING UNDERTAKEN IN A NUMBER OF COUNTRIES THAT WILL STRENGTHEN CREDITWORTHINESS AND THE CAPITAL-TRANSFER PROCESS IN THE LONG TERM;
- -- SUBSTANTIAL DECLINES IN INTEREST RATES & IBOR DOWN MEARLY S PERCENTAGE POINTS SINCE 1980) WILL SAVE MAJOR DEBTORS OVER DOLS. 13 BILLION IN ANNUAL INTEREST COSTS:
- -- FOR MAJOR DEBTORS, A SIGNIFICANT IMPROVEMENT IS IN PROSPECT ON THE RATIO OF INTEREST PAYMENTS TO EXPORTS -- ABOUT 75 PERCENT IN 1987 COMPARED TO 31 PERCENT IN 1987. ICOMPARE THIS WITH THE DOWNREAT TREATMENT IN THE PEWULTIMATE PARAGRAPH OF THIS SECTION.)

IN THE FOURTH PARAGRAPH OF THIS SECTION YOU COULD USEFULLY NOTE THAT THREATS TO "THE SOUNDRESS AND ORDERLY FUNCTIONING OF THE WORLD FINANCIAL SYSTEM" ARE NOW SUBSTANTIALLY REDUCED AS A RESULT OF MEASURES TAKEN BY THE CREDITOR BANKS TO STRENGTHEN THEIR CAPITAL POSITIONS.

THE GLOOM IN THE FINAL PARAGRAPH OF THE DEVELOPING

-COUNTRY SECTION RESTS HEAVILY ON THE FALLACIOUS "NET TRANSFER" CONCEPT WHICH, TO QUOTE THE DECD'S 1985 SURVEY, "FINANCING AND EXTERNAL DEBT", "CONTRAVENES BASIC ECONOMIC LOGIC BY AMALGAMATING CAPITAL TRANSACTIOMS AND INCOME (INTEREST) TRANSACTIOMS" AND "18 TOO EASILY MISLEADING, ALL THE MORE SO WHEN IT AGGREGATES DIFFERENT TYPES OF DEBTOR COUNTRIES TOGETHER" O'P. 89, 90). AS STATED IN THE DECD'S 1983 SURVEY, "THE POLICY CHALLENGE IS NOT TO GIT BACK TO ANY PARTICULAR LEVEL OF 'MET FINANCIAL TRANSFER', BUT RATHER TO ENSURE, IN A BROAD SENSE, THAT THE CAPITAL TRANSFER PROCESS IS WORKING EFFECTIVELY" O'P. 20).

SCENAPIOS: THE PRESENTATION IS TOD EVEN-HANDED IN THE EMPHASIS GIVEN TO THE ALTERNATIVE SCENARIOS AND LACKS POLICY FOCUS. REGATIVE SCENARIO NUMBER ONE MIGHT BE MERGED WITH THE POSITIVE SCENARIO, AS A WAY DE HIGHLIGHTING UNCERTAINTIES AND WEARNESSES IN A BASICALLY FAVORABLE OUTLOOK. IT COULD BE ARGUED THAT THE RISK IS NOT SO MUCH THAT THE EUROPEAN AND JAPANESE ECONOMIES MAY GPOV MORE SLOWLY THAN CURRENTLY FORESEEN, BUT THAT THEIR DOMESTIC-LED GROWTH MAY MOT BE SIGNIFICANTLY STRONGER THAN NOW SEEMS EVIDENT. WITHOUT FURTHER DOLLAR DEFRECIATION OR U.S. RECESSION THIS MIGHT LEAVE THE U.S. WITH A STILL-SURSTANTIAL CURRENT ACCOUNT DEFICIT FOR THE FORESEENBLE FUTURE.

FURTHER SPECIFIC COMMENTS ON THIS SECTION:

THE APPARENT SUPPORT OF NIGHER OIL PRICES IN PAPAGRAPH THREE IS UNACCEPTABLE. ALSO, THE REFERENCE TO "STABLE OR RISING AND ADEQUATELY REMUNERATIVE COMMODITY PRICES" COULD BE INTERPRETED TO IMPLY BELIEF THAT COMMODITY PRICES ARE DUE FOR SOME UPWARDS CORRECTION, AND THAT THERE EXISTS SOME NIGHER MORMATIVE LEVEL FOR COMMODITY PRICES. MEITHER PROPOSITION IS SOUND.

NEITHER CAN WE ACCEPT THE IDEA OF ATTEMPTING TO PRODUCE A PAUSE IN EXCHANGE-RATE MOVEMENTS GARAGRAPH SEVEN). THE

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## Department of State

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MARRET HAS SO FAR PRODUCED AN ORDERLY AND BENEFICIAL ADJUSTMENT IN RATES; WAY ASSUME THAT IT IS NOT CAPABLE OF PERFORMING WELL IN THE FUTURE? WHETHER FUTURE DOLLAR DEPRECIATION IS WARRANTED REMAINS TO BE SEEN, DEPENDING LARGELY ON POLICIES TO BE ADOPTED IN THE U.S. AND IN MAIN TRADING PARTNERS.

-- IN PARAGRAPH EIGHT, THE REFERENCE TO A "WORSENING DICHOTOMY" APPEARS INFELICITOUS. I ASSUME THAT YOU INTENDED TO SUGGEST THAT THE INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIVE-

PRESS OF U.S. MANUFACTURING AND ACRICULTURE HAS BEEN DAMAGED IN SOME LASTING VAY BY THE EXPERIENCE WITH THE STRONG DOLLAR. THIS WIEW CANNOT BE SUSTAINED AS A GENERAL PROPOSITION. CERTAIN INDUSTRIES THAT WERE LOSING INFERNATIONAL COMPETITIVENESS FOR MORE FUNDAMENTAL REASONS. MAY HAVE HAD THEIR DECLINE ACCELERATED. THEY MAY HOT RECOVER. OTHERS, HOWEVER, MAY ACTUALLY HAVE BECOME MORE EFFICIENT IN RESPONSE TO COMPETITIVE PRESSURE, AND SHOULD COME BACK STRONGLY WITH THE DOLLAR'S ADJUSTMENT. U.S. FARMERS HAVE BEEN HURT BY RECENT DEVELOPMENTS, BUT THE SHAKE-DUT DOESN'T MAKE THE AGRICULTURAL SECTOR LESS COMPETITIVE. AS RECOGNIZED AT THE TOKYO SUMMIT, THE REAL PROBLEMS WITH AGRICULTURE STEM FROM AGRICULTURAL POLICIES.

FINALLY, I WOULD GIVE MORE EMPHASIS IN THE PAPER TO THE FACT THAT THE GREATEST THREAT TO THE NEALTH OF THE WORLD ECONOMY OVER THE NEXT FEW YEARS IS A LAPSE INTO A PROTECTIONIST SPIRAL. AVERTING THAT DANGER AND ACHIEVING NEEDED REFORM OF AGRICULTURAL POLICIES SHOULD NAVE THE BIGHEST PRIORITY.

WEST WISHES FOR THE HOLIDAY SEASON. I LOOK FORWARD TO SEEING YOU AT OUR NEXT SHERFA MEETING. ALLEN WALLIS. ARMACOST

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